§ 96.53

§ 96.53 Audit resolution generally.

The DOL official(s) responsible for audit resolution shall promptly evaluate findings and recommendations reported by auditors and the corrective action plan developed by the recipient to determine proper actions in response to audit findings and recommendations. The process of audit resolution includes at a minimum an initial determination, an informal resolution period, and a final determination.

- (a) Initial determination. After the conclusion of any comment period for audits provided the recipient/contractor, the responsible DOL official(s) shall make an initial determination on the allowability of questioned costs or activities, administrative or systemic findings, and the corrective actions outlined by the recipient. Such determination shall be based on applicable statutes, regulations, administrative directives, or terms and conditions of the grant/contract award instrument.
- (b) Informal resolution. The recipient/contractor shall have a reasonable period of time (as determined by the DOL official(s) responsible for audit resolution) from the date of issuance of the initial determination to informally resolve those matters in which the recipient/contractor disagrees with the decisions of the responsible DOL official(s).
- (c) Final determination. After the conclusion of the informal resolution period, the responsible DOL official(s) shall issue a final determination that:
- (1) As appropriate, indicate that efforts to informally resolve matters contained in the initial determination have either been successful or unsuccessful;
- (2) Lists those matters upon which the parties continue to disagree;
- (3) Lists any modifications to the factual findings and conclusions set forth in the initial determination;
- (4) Lists any sanctions and required corrective actions; and
 - (5) Sets forth any appeal rights.
- (d) *Time limit.* Insofar as possible, the requirements of this section should be met within 180 days of the date the final approved audit report is received by the DOL official(s) responsible for audit resolution.

§ 96.54 Responsibility for subrecipient audits.

Recipients of Federal assistance from DOL are responsible for ensuring that subrecipient organizations who expend \$300,000 or more in a fiscal year are audited and that any audit findings are resolved in accordance with this part. The recipient shall:

- (a) Determine whether appropriate audit requirements outlined in subpart A have been met:
- (b) Determine whether the subrecipient spent Federal assistance funds provided in accordance with applicable laws and regulations;
- (c) Ensure that appropriate corrective action is taken within six months after receipt of the audit report in instances of non-compliance with Federal law and regulations;
- (d) Consider whether subrecipient audits necessitate adjustment of the recipient's own records; and
- (e) Require that each subrecipient permit independent auditors to have access to the records and financial statements necessary to comply with this part.

Subpart F—Appeals

§ 96.61 Purpose and scope of subpart.

- (a) The purpose of this subpart is to set forth procedures by which recipients and contractors may appeal final determinations by the DOL officials responsible for audit resolution as a result of audits.
- (b) Subrecipients and subcontractors shall have only such appeal rights as may exist in subgrants or subcontracts with the respective recipients or contractors.

§ 96.62 Contracts.

- (a) For the purpose of this subpart, the term "contract" includes all agreements described in sec. 602(a) of the Contract Disputes Act (Applicability of Law—Executive agency contracts) (41 U.S.C. 602(a)).
- (b) Upon a contractor's receipt of the DOL contracting officer's final determination as a result of an audit, the contractor may appeal the final determination to the DOL Board of Contract Appeals, pursuant to 41 CFR part 29-60